Office of the Commissioner for Federal Judicial Affairs Canada

Quarterly Financial Report for the quarter ended December 31, 2019 Office of the Commissioner for Federal Judicial Affairs Canada Quarterly Financial Report For the quarter ended December 31, 2019

Statement outlining results, risks, and significant changes in operations, personnel, and program

1. Introduction

This Quarterly Financial Report (QFR) has been prepared by management as required by section 65.1 of the Financial Administration Act and in the form and manner prescribed by the Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat. This QFR should be read in conjunction with the Main Estimates and Supplementary Estimates. It has not been subject to an external audit or review.

1.1 Mandate

The Office of the Commissioner for Federal Judicial Affairs (FJA) Canada was created in 1978 under the authority of the Judges Act to safeguard the independence of the judiciary and in order to put federally appointed judges at arm's length from the administration of the Department of Justice. FJA's mandate extends to promoting better administration of justice and providing support for the federal judiciary.

FJA administers three distinct and separate components that are funded from different sources. Statutory funding is allocated for the judges' salaries, allowances and annuities, and surviving beneficiaries' benefits. Voted appropriations are provided in two separate votes to support the administrative activities of FJA and the Canadian Judicial Council (CJC).

Under the Departmental Results Framework, the organization's one core responsibility is to provide support to federally appointed judges. In addition to Internal Services, the organization is broken down into three program activities: payments pursuant to the Judges Act, FJA, and CJC.

Further details about FJA's authority, mandate, and programs can be found below and in FJA's Departmental Plan (DP), Main Estimates and Supplementary Estimates located on FJA's and the Treasury Board's websites at www.fja-cmf.gc.ca and www.tbs-sct.gc.ca.

1.2 Basis of Presentation

This quarterly report has been prepared by management using an expenditure basis of accounting. The accompanying Statement of Authorities includes FJA's spending authorities granted by Parliament and those used by the department consistent with the Main Estimates for the 2019-2020 fiscal year. This quarterly report has been prepared using a special purpose financial reporting framework designed to meet financial information needs with respect to the use of spending authorities.

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The authority of Parliament is required before money can be spent by the Government. Approvals are given in the form of annually approved limits through appropriation acts or through legislation in the form of statutory spending authority for specific purposes.

When Parliament is dissolved for the purposes of a general election, section 30 of the Financial Administration Act authorizes the Governor General, under certain conditions, to issue a special warrant authorizing the Government to withdraw funds from the Consolidated Revenue Fund. A special warrant is deemed to be an appropriation for the fiscal year in which it is issued.

FJA uses the full accrual method of accounting to prepare and present its annual departmental financial statements that are part of the departmental results reporting process. However, the spending authorities voted by Parliament remain on an expenditure basis.

2. Highlights of fiscal quarter and fiscal year to date (YTD) results

FJA is financed by the Government through Parliamentary Appropriations (e.g. Statutory Votes for payments pursuant to the Judges Act and Employee Benefits Plans (EBP) and Budgetary Votes to support the administration of FJA and CJC).

Vote-netting is a means of funding selected programs or activities wherein Parliament authorizes FJA to apply revenues collected towards costs directly incurred for specific activities. FJA has the authority to spend revenues received during the year arising from the provision of administrative services.

Changes to Departmental Authorities

As at December 31, 2019 the total authorities provided to FJA increased by \$30.1 million compared with the same quarter last fiscal year. This net increase is comprised of:

- An increase of \$29.2 million in statutory authorities for judges salaries, allowances and annuities.
- An increase of \$0.9 million in operating budget authorities due mainly to funding received under Budget 2019 for supporting Judicial Advisory Committee members.

Changes to Budgetary Expenditures

As at December 31, 2019 the department's total net budgetary expenditures increased by \$21.3 million compared with the same quarter last fiscal year. This variance is comprised of:

- A year-to date net increase of \$22 million in personnel expenditures (including EBP and judges' salaries, annuities, and surviving beneficiaries' benefits issued pursuant to the Judges Act).
- A year-to date net decrease of \$1.7 million in professional services expenditures.
- A year-to date net increase of \$0.5 million in transportation and telecommunications expenditures.
- A year-to date net increase of \$0.3 million in other subsidies and payments expenditures.
- An overall net increase of \$0.2 million for all other non-salary expenditures

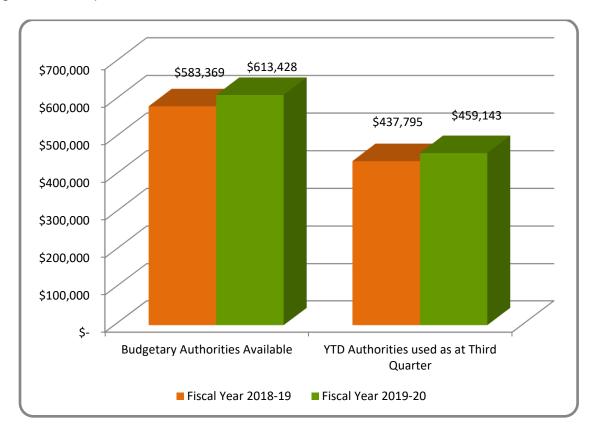


Figure 1: Comparison of Authorities Granted and Used

The chart illustrates the variation in thousands of dollars of the annual budgetary authorities granted and used as at December 31, 2018 and 2019.

As at December 31, 2018 and 2019, FJA planned to spend \$583,369,192 in 2018-19 and \$613,428,049 in 2019-20. Authorities used as at the third quarter totalled \$437,795,722 in 2018-19 and \$459,142,842 in 2019-20.

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3. Risks and Uncertainties

FJA's environment is complex due to the range of services it provides and the large number of clients served. Recognizing this context, FJA has developed a risk profile and actively monitors internal and external risks through its management team. Concise information about significant financial risks and uncertainties, the potential impact to FJA's 2019-20 financial plan and the strategies adopted to manage these financial risks and uncertainties are briefly outlined below. Further detail about FJA's internal and external risks can be found in FJA's 2019-20 DP.

This QFR reflects the results of the current fiscal period in relation to the Main Estimates for which full supply was released on June 28, 2019.

FJA continues to operate within its existing reference levels, which have remained relatively constant for several years. The lack of new funding and the focus on addressing gaps and deficiencies at the operating level has limited FJA's ability to make investments in new strategic priorities. FJA has responded to these challenges by reallocating internal resources and identifying efficiencies, however, the ability to continue to do so is limited.

4. Significant changes in relation to operations, personnel and programs

As at December 31, 2019, we anticipate higher costs associated with expenditures related to supporting Judicial Advisory Committee members, as per funding received in Budget 2019, as well as for those already incurred in administering the Supreme Court of Canada's appointment process.

5. Approval by Senior Officials

(original signed by)	(original signed by)
Marc A. Giroux	Errolyn Humphreys
Commissioner	Chief Financial Officer

Ottawa, Canada

Approved by:

Date: February 28, 2020

Statement of Authorities (unaudited)

Fiscal year 2019-2020 (in thousands of dollars)

	Total available for use for the year ending March 31, 2020*	Used during the quarter ended December 31, 2019	Year- to-date used at quarter-end
Vote 1 – FJA – Operating expenditures	9,392	2,649	6,684
Vote 5 – CJC – Operating expenditures Less: Vote 1 – FJA – Revenues	2,092 (275)	777 (10)	1,789 (20)
Net Operating expenditures	11,209	3,416	8,453
Statutory authorities - EBP	957	235	705
Statutory authorities – Judges salaries, allowances and annuities	601,262	150,946	449,985
Total Budgetary Authorities	\$ 613,428	\$ 154,597	\$ 459,143

^{*}Includes only Authorities available for use and granted by Parliament at quarter-end.

Fiscal year 2018-2019 (in thousands of dollars)

	Total available for use for the year ending March 31, 2019*	Used during the quarter ended December 31, 2018	Year to date used at quarter-end
Vote 1 – FJA – Operating expenditures	8,414	1,956	5,974
Vote 5 – CJC – Operating expenditures Less: Vote 1 – FJA – Revenues	2,216 (275)	676 (10)	1,806 (20)
Less. Vote 1 – 1 oA – Revenues	(213)	(10)	(20)
Net Operating expenditures	10,355	2,622	7,760
Statutory authorities - EBP Statutory authorities – Judges salaries, allowances and	921	230	690
annuities	572,093	144,676	429,345
Total Budgetary Authorities	\$ 583,369	\$ 147,528	\$ 437,795

^{*}Includes only Authorities available for use and granted by Parliament at quarter-end.

Departmental budgetary expenditures by Standard Object (unaudited)

Fiscal year 2019-2020 (in thousands of dollars)

	Planned expenditures for the year ending March 31, 2020	Expended during the quarter ended December 31, 2019	Year-to- date used at quarter- end
Expenditures			
Personnel - including EBP	570,427	145,167	430,978
Transportation and Telecommunications	23,600	6,139	17,677
Information	138	42	106
Professional Services	12,455	1,910	5,454
Rentals	388	112	260
Purchased Repair and Maintenance	121	99	102
Utilities, materials and supplies	73	8	20
Acquisition of Machinery & Equipment	83	5	58
Other subsidies and payments*	6,418	1,125	4,508
Total Gross Budgetary Expenditures	613,703	154,607	459,163
Less Revenues netted against Expenditures			
Revenues	(275)	(10)	(20)
Total net budgetary expenditures	\$ 613,428	\$ 154,597	\$ 459,143

^{*}Timing difference – actual expenditures used during the quarter include interdepartmental settlements that were coded to the appropriate standard object in subsequent accounting periods.

Fiscal year 2018-2019 (in thousands of dollars)

	Planned expenditures for the year ending March 31, 2019	Expended during the quarter ended December 31, 2018	Year-to-date used at quarter-end
Expenditures			
Personnel -including EBP	541,569	138,583	409,002
Transportation and Telecommunications	22,998	6,040	17,180
Information	168	35	104
Professional Services	12,026	1,762	7,128
Rentals	371	49	181
Purchased Repair and Maintenance	71	1	1
Utilities, materials and supplies	70	14	23
Acquisition of Machinery & Equipment	49	8	18
Other subsidies and payments*	6,322	1,046	4,178
Total Gross Budgetary Expenditures	583,644	147,538	437,815
Less Revenues netted against Expenditures			
Revenues	(275)	(10)	(20)
Total net budgetary expenditures	\$ 583,369	\$ 147,528	\$ 437,795

^{*}Timing difference – actual expenditures used during the quarter include interdepartmental settlements that were coded to the appropriate standard object in subsequent accounting periods.